

Ηλεκτρικό φορτίο

Δευτέρα, 20 Σεπτεμβρίου 2021 9:17 πμ

Σύμβολο C ή cb
 $q = +3cb$
 $q = -4cb$

$$q = 0,000005 C$$
$$= 5 \cdot 10^{-6} C$$
$$= 5 \mu C$$

$$q = 0,0036 C$$
$$q = 3,6 \cdot 10^{-3} C$$
$$q = 3,6 mC$$
$$q = 36 \cdot 10^{-4} C$$

$$q = 0,0000054 C$$
$$= 5,4 \cdot 10^{-6} C$$
$$= 5,4 \mu C$$
$$= 54 \cdot 10^{-7} C$$

$$Q = +3mC$$
$$= +3 \cdot 10^{-3} C$$
$$= +0,003 C$$

$$Q = -3\mu C$$
$$= -3 \cdot 10^{-6} C$$
$$= -0,000003 C$$

$$m \rightarrow 10^{-3} \text{ mίλι}$$

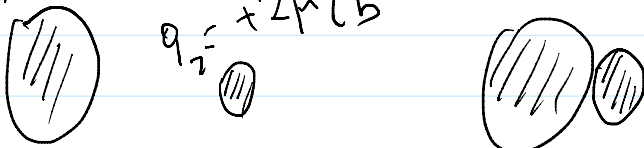
$$\mu \rightarrow 10^{-6} \text{ μικρο}$$

$$n \rightarrow 10^{-9} \text{ νάνο}$$

$$1 \text{ mCb} = 1 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ Cb} = \frac{1}{10^3} \text{ Cb} = \frac{1}{1000} \text{ Cb} = 0,001 \text{ Cb}$$

$$1 \mu\text{Cb} = 1 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ Cb} = \frac{1}{10^6} \text{ Cb} = \frac{1}{1.000.000} \text{ Cb} = 0,000001 \text{ Cb}$$


2) $q_1 = +3 \mu\text{Cb}$ $q_2 = +2 \mu\text{Cb}$



$$q_{\text{ox}} = q_1 + q_2 = +3 \mu\text{Cb} + 2 \mu\text{Cb}$$


$$q_{\text{ox}} = +5 \mu\text{Cb}$$

6) $q_1 = -6 \mu\text{Cb}$ $q_2 = +3 \mu\text{Cb}$




$$q_{\text{ox}} = q_1 + q_2 = -6 \mu\text{Cb} + 3 \mu\text{Cb} = -3 \mu\text{Cb} \Rightarrow$$


8) $Q_1 = +0,12 \text{ mCb}$



$Q_2 = +0,05 \text{ mCb}$



$Q_{\text{ox}} = Q_1 + Q_2 = 0,12 \text{ mCb} + 0,05 \text{ mCb}$



$$Q_{\text{ox}} = 0,15 \text{ mCb}$$

$$30.000 = 3 \cdot 10^4$$

$$360.000 = 36 \cdot 10^4$$

$$0,00003 = 3 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

$$0,000003 = 0,3 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$0,000003 = 30 \cdot 10^{-6}$$

$$0,00003 = 30 \cdot 10^{-6}$$

Άσκηση

Έχω δύο φορτισμένες βάραιες 1 κ 2 με

φορτία Q_1 & Q_2 .
Τις φέρνω σε επαφή.

Ποιο είναι το Q_{01} ; στις παρακάτω περιπτώσεις;

α) $Q_1 = +3 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ Cb}$ $Q_2 = -7 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ Cb}$

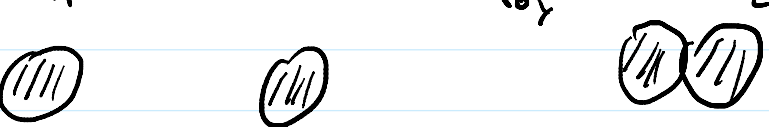
β) $Q_1 = -6 \mu\text{Cb}$ $Q_2 = +12 \mu\text{Cb}$

γ) $Q_1 = -10 \text{ mCb}$ $Q_2 = -20 \text{ mCb}$

δ) $Q_1 = +5 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ Cb}$ $Q_2 = +7 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ Cb}$

ε) $Q_1 = -3 \text{ nCb}$ $Q_2 = +0,4 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ Cb}$

Q_1 Q_2 $Q_{01} = Q_1 + Q_2$



α) $Q_{01} = Q_1 + Q_2 = \underbrace{+3 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ Cb}} + \underbrace{-7 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ Cb}} = -4 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ Cb}$
 $[10^{-3} (+3 - 7) = -4 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ Cb}]$

β) $Q_{01} = Q_1 + Q_2 = -6 \mu\text{Cb} + 12 \mu\text{Cb} = +6 \mu\text{Cb}$