

The "Simple Past" of the Verb "To Be"



Χρησιμοποιούμε τον Αόριστο του ρήματος "to be" για να δώσουμε πληροφορίες για πρόσωπα, ζώα ή πράγματα.

They were at a party last week

- Ο Αόριστος του ρήματος "to be" έχει δύο τύπους: **was / were**.

I was at school yesterday.

You were at home yesterday.

He was ill yesterday. ✕

- Η **άρνηση** σχηματίζεται προσθέτοντας το **not** μετά το ρήμα.

I was at school yesterday. ➡ I was not at school yesterday.

- Η **ερώτηση** σχηματίζεται αντιστρέφοντας το υποκείμενο με το ρήμα.

He was at the cinema. ➡ Was he at the cinema? ➡ Yes, he was. / No, he wasn't.

Affirmative	Negative		interrogative
	Long form	Short form	
I was	I was not	I wasn't	Was I?
You were	You were not	You weren't	Were you?
He was	He was not	He wasn't	Was he?
She was	She was not	She wasn't	Was she?
It was	It was not	It wasn't	Was it?
We were	We were not	We weren't	Were we?
You were	You were not	You weren't	Were you?
They were	They were not	They weren't	Were they?