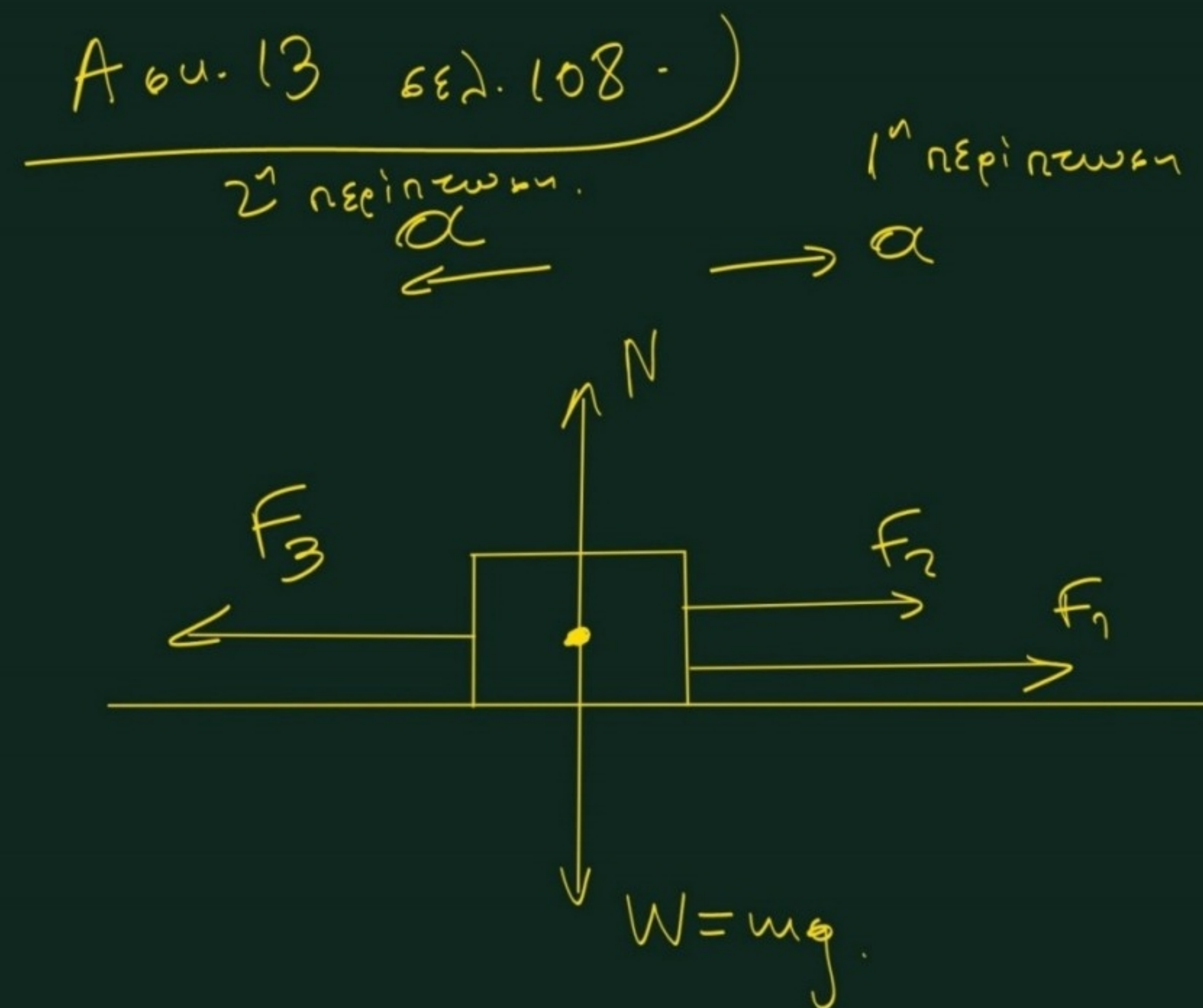




$$W = mg = \text{βάρος}$$

$N = \text{υπόστηρίξη}$
 από το δάπεδο
 (Normal force).

$$A. s = \frac{1}{2}at^2 \Rightarrow 24 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \alpha \cdot 4^2 \Rightarrow$$

$$24 = 8\alpha \Rightarrow \alpha = 3 \text{ m/s}^2.$$

B. 1^η περίκωση α προς τα δεξιά.

$$\Sigma F = F_1 + F_2 - F_3 \Rightarrow m\alpha = F_1 + F_2 - F_3 \Rightarrow$$

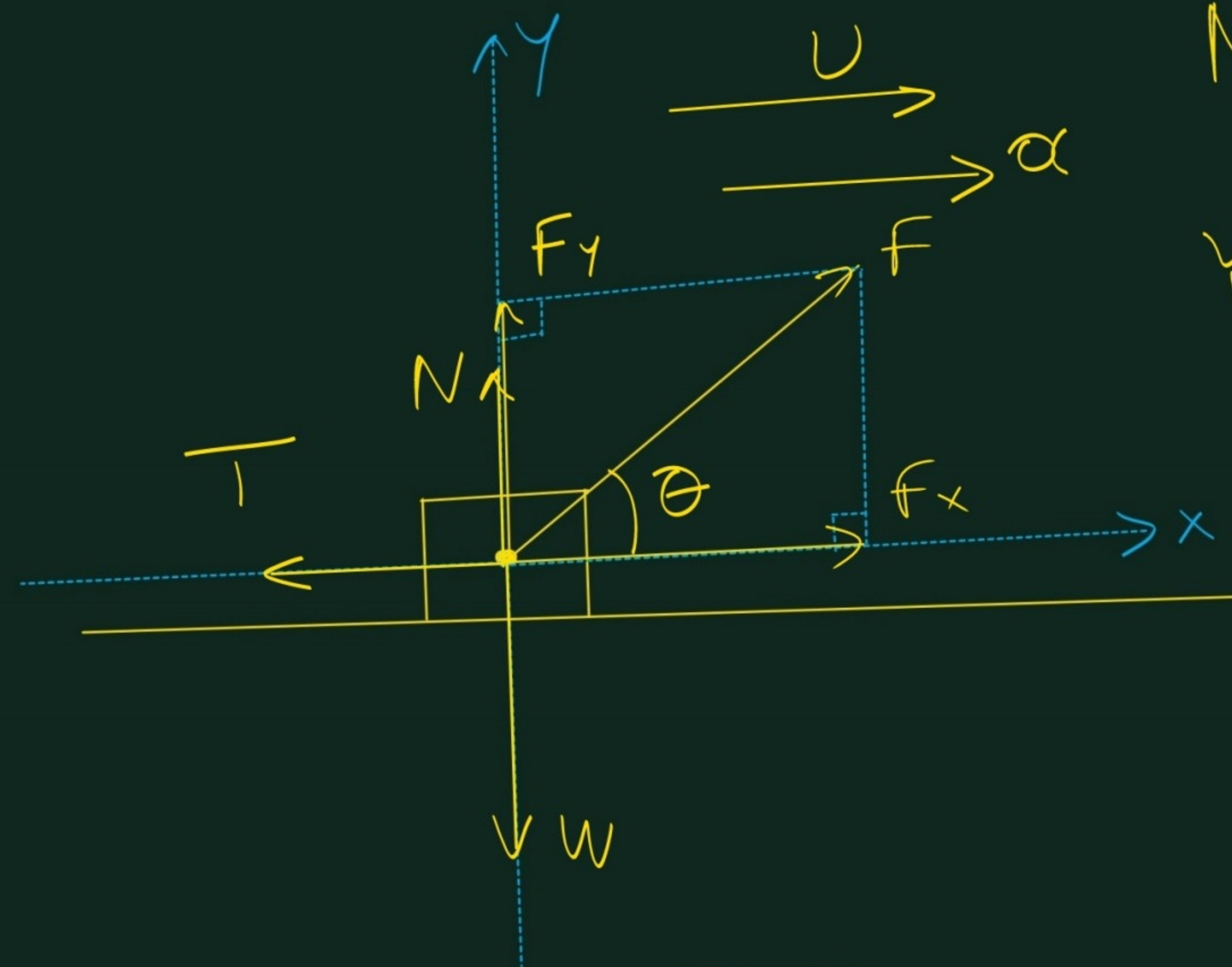
$$1 \cdot 3 = 6 + 2 - F_3 \Rightarrow F_3 = 8 - 3 \Rightarrow F_3 = 5 \text{ N}.$$

2^η περίκωση α προς τα αριστερά

$$\Sigma F = F_3 - F_2 - F_1 \Rightarrow m\alpha = F_3 - F_2 - F_1 \Rightarrow$$

$$1 \cdot 3 = F_3 - 6 - 2 \Rightarrow F_3 = 11 \text{ N}.$$

Παράδειγμα εελ. 128-9.



$$W = m \cdot g = 10 \cdot 10 \Rightarrow \boxed{W = 100 \text{ N}}$$

$$\alpha) \quad T = \gamma N$$

T = τριβή ολισθητική

N = κάθετη δύναμη
(Normal force).

γ = συντ. τριβής.

$$\sum F_y = 0 \Rightarrow N + F_y - W = 0 \Rightarrow N = W - F_y$$

$$F_x = F \cdot \sin \theta = 80 \cdot \sin 30^\circ = 80 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \Rightarrow$$

$$F_x = 40\sqrt{3} \simeq 40 \cdot 1.7 \Rightarrow \boxed{F_x \simeq 68 \text{ N}}$$

$$F_y = F \cdot \cos \theta = 40 \cdot \cos 30^\circ = 80 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \boxed{F_y = 40 \text{ N}}$$

$$N = W - F_y = 100 - 40 \Rightarrow \boxed{N = 60 \text{ N}}$$

$$T = \gamma N = 0.25 \cdot 60 \Rightarrow \boxed{T = 15 \text{ N}}$$

$$b) \Sigma F_x = m \cdot a \Rightarrow$$

$$F_x - T = ma \Rightarrow$$

$$68 - 15 = 10 \cdot a \Rightarrow$$

$$53 = 10a \Rightarrow a = 5,3 \text{ m/s}^2$$

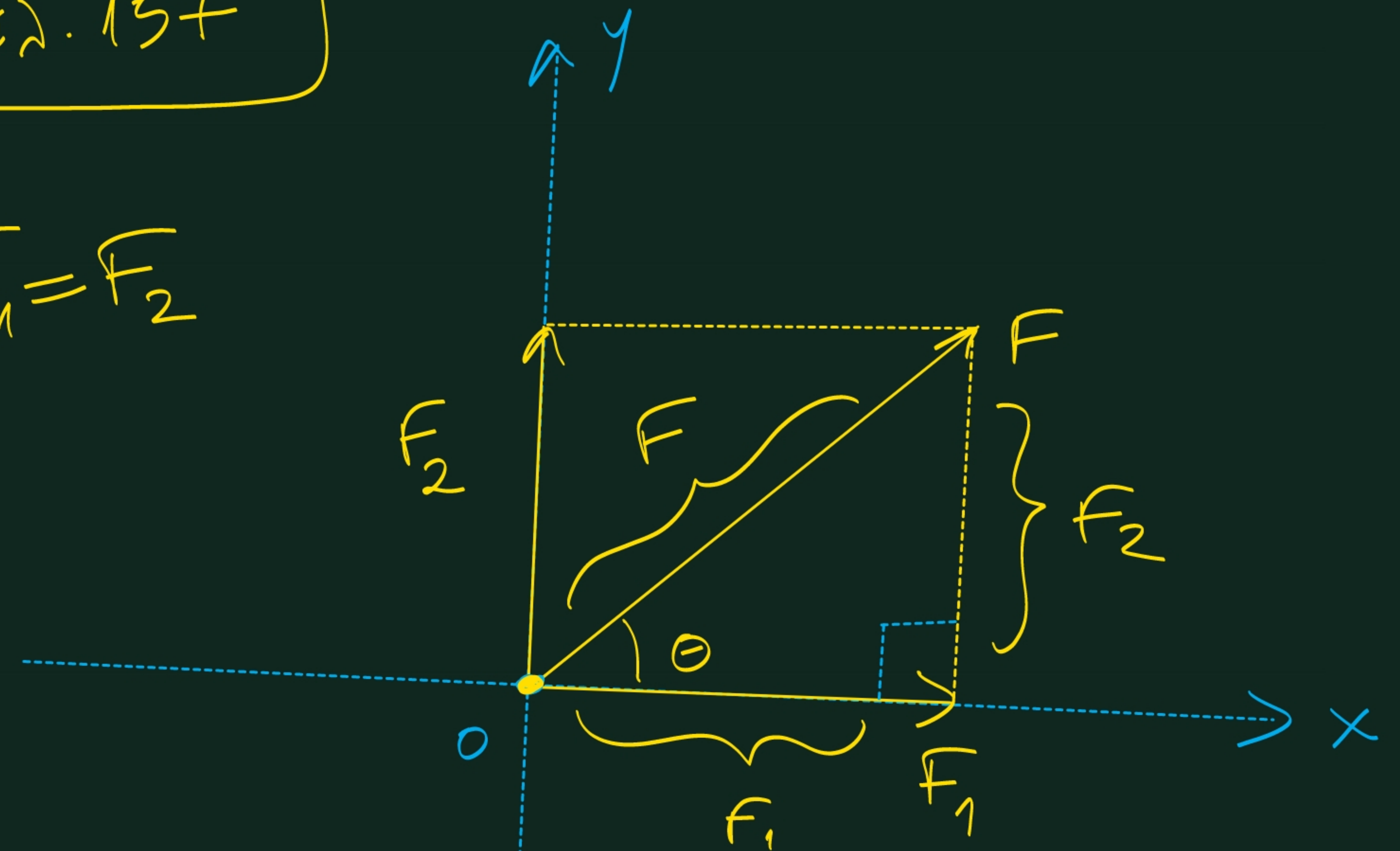
$$γ) S = \frac{1}{2} a \cdot t^2 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 5,3 \cdot 4^2 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 5,3 \cdot 16 =$$

$$= 8 \cdot 5,3 = 8 \cdot 5 + 8 \cdot 0,3 = 40 + 2,4 \Rightarrow$$

$$S = 42,4 \text{ m}$$

$$A \text{ e u. 1 } 68 - 157$$

$$F_1 = F_2$$



$$F^2 = F_1^2 + F_2^2 \Rightarrow$$

$$10^2 = F_1^2 + F_1^2 \Rightarrow$$

$$100 = 2F_1^2 \Rightarrow F_1^2 = 50 \Rightarrow$$

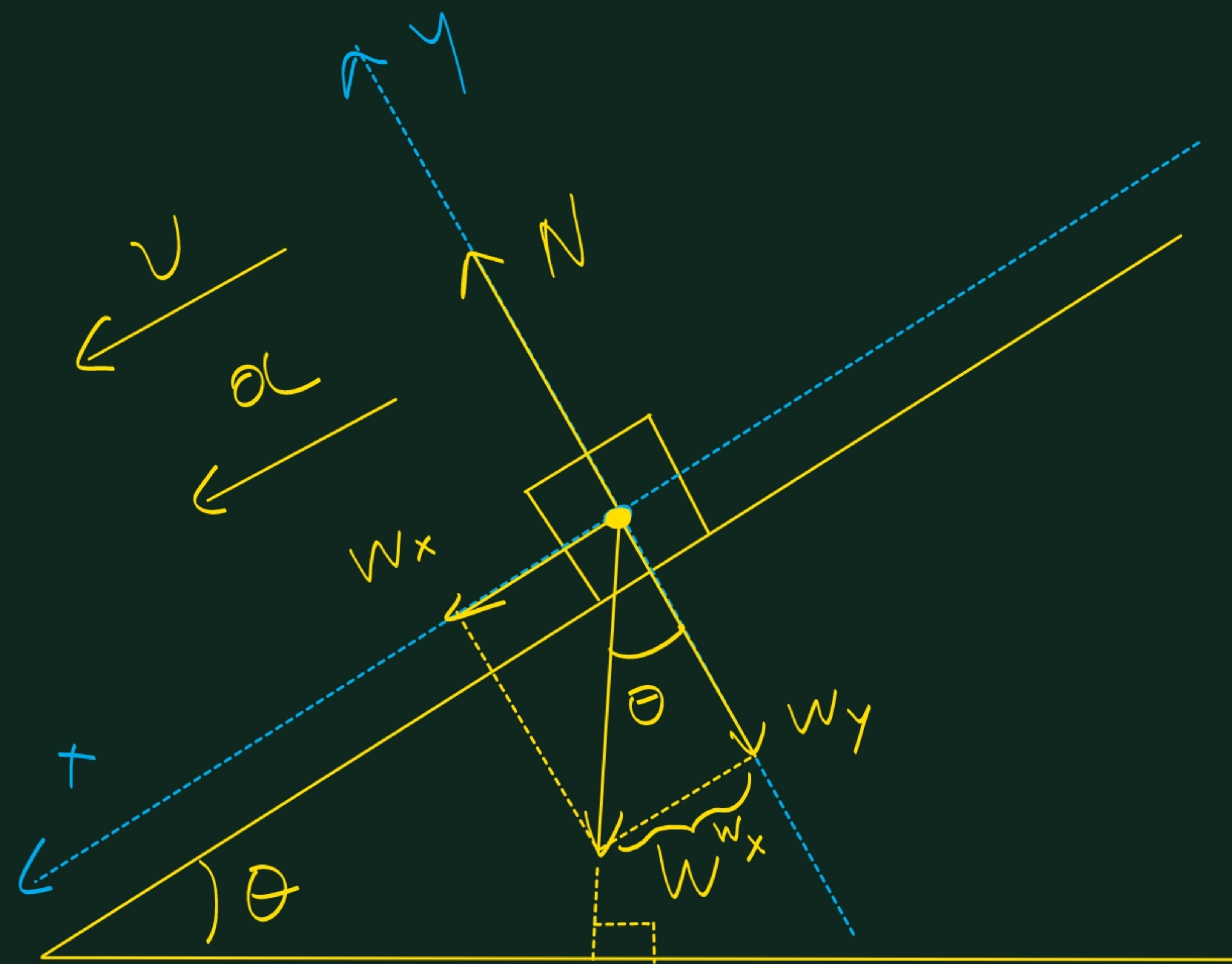
$$F_1 = \sqrt{25 \cdot 2} = 5\sqrt{2}$$

$$\text{Ap } \alpha: F_1 = 5\sqrt{2} \text{ N}$$

$$F_2 = 5\sqrt{2} \text{ N}$$

$$\text{ou } \tan \theta = \frac{F_2}{F_1} = 1 \Rightarrow \theta = 45^\circ$$

Α 6u.7 βελ. 157



A) Στο σώμα δρουν τρεις δυνάμεις:

1) Το βάρος $\vec{W} = m\vec{g}$ από τη Γη.

2) Η κάθετη δύναμη $\vec{N}$ από το αυξημένο επίπεδο.

$$\sin\theta = \frac{W_x}{W} \Rightarrow W_x = mg \cdot \sin\theta$$

$$\cos\theta = \frac{W_y}{W} \Rightarrow W_y = mg \cdot \cos\theta$$

$$\sum F_x = ma \Rightarrow W_x = ma$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 \Rightarrow N - W_y = 0 \Rightarrow N = W_y$$

$$B) W_x = ma \Rightarrow m \cdot g \cdot \sin\theta = m \cdot a \Rightarrow \boxed{a = g \cdot \sin\theta} \Rightarrow$$

$$a = 10 \cdot \sin 30^\circ = 10 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \boxed{a = 5 \text{ m/s}^2}$$