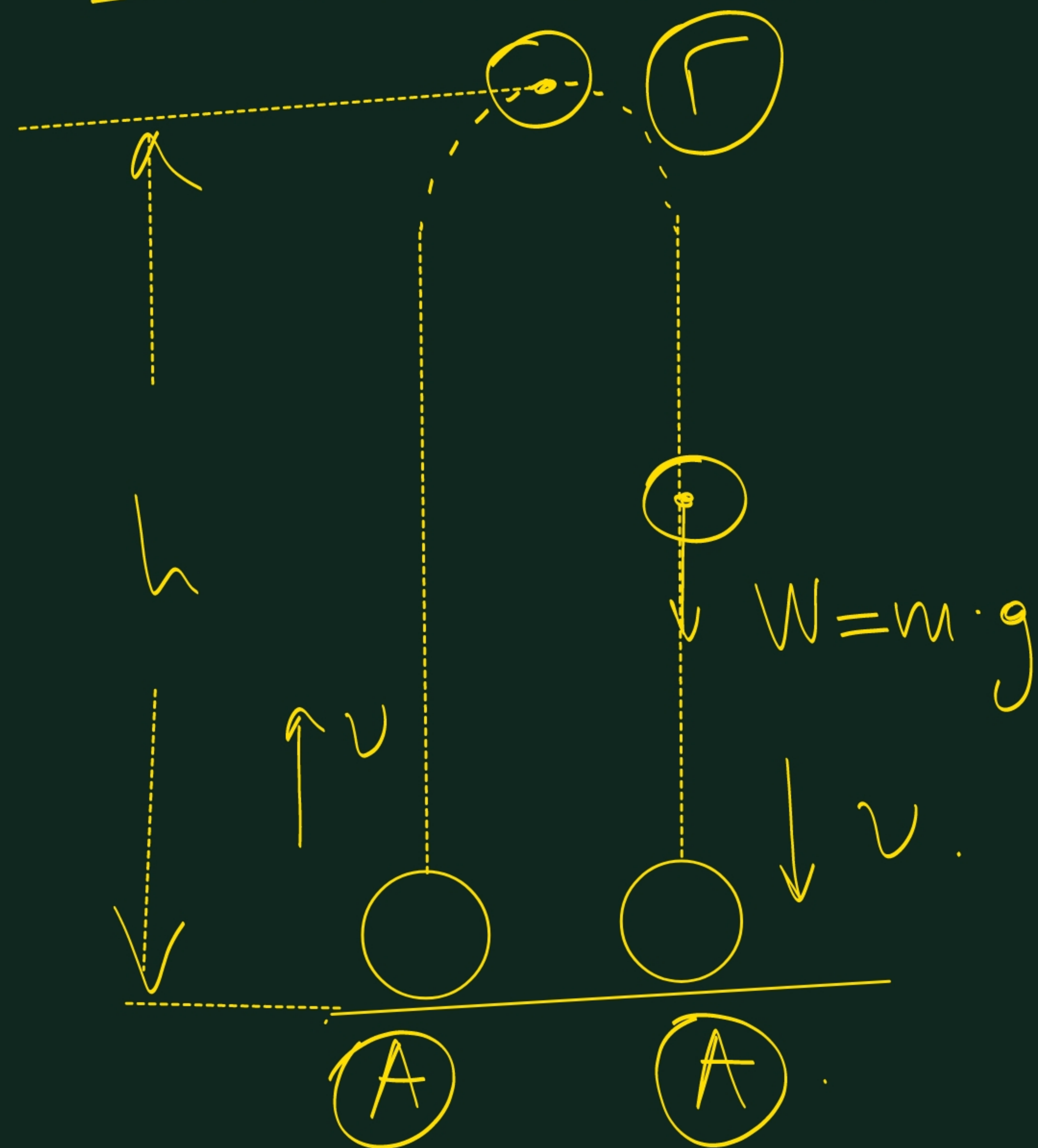


Εφαρμογή 6.2.168.)



ΘΜΚΕ: Γ → Α:

$$\Delta K = \Sigma W \Rightarrow$$

$$K_A - K_\Gamma = W_W \Rightarrow$$

$$K - 0 = m \cdot g \cdot h \Rightarrow$$

$$K = 1 \cdot 10 \cdot 2 \Rightarrow$$

$$K = 20 \text{ Joule}$$

$$K = \frac{1}{2} \cdot m \cdot v^2 \Rightarrow$$

$$20 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 \cdot v^2 \Rightarrow$$

$$v^2 = 40 \Rightarrow v = \sqrt{40} \text{ m/s.}$$

Α, $h' = 4 \text{ m}$ τότε:

$$K' = m \cdot g \cdot h' = 1 \cdot 10 \cdot 4 = 40 \text{ Joule.}$$

$$\text{και: } K' = \frac{1}{2} \cdot m \cdot v'^2 \Rightarrow$$

$$40 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 \cdot v'^2 \Rightarrow v' = \sqrt{80} \text{ m/s}$$

$$\frac{v'}{v} = \frac{\sqrt{80}}{\sqrt{40}} = \sqrt{2}$$